

Run Size Forecast for Yakima River Adult Spring Chinook, 2011

Preliminary¹

Prepared by:
Bill Bosch

Yakima Klickitat Fisheries Project
Yakama Nation Fisheries Resource Management
771 Pence Road
Yakima, Washington 98908

November 16, 2010

¹ Some updates to 2010 age-at-return data are still pending. An updated forecast may be generated in February, 2011, but is not expected to differ substantially from this report.

Summary

In 2010 the forecast was for a return of 16,570 adult (age-4 and age-5) spring Chinook to the mouth of the Yakima River. The actual return in 2010 was estimated to be 11,030 adult spring Chinook (66% of forecast). Since 1997, projections have generally been based on examination of brood cohort relationships from 1982 to present projecting age-4 returns based on the return survival of age-3 fish in a given brood, and similarly projecting age-5 returns from age-4 returns. Over the past decade age-3 jack return abundance has been an increasingly unreliable predictor of age-4 return abundance. Yakima River biologists have been collaborating with other scientists from the region to see if parameters such as NOAA ocean condition rank², jack size or other variables can help explain and correct for ocean conditions or other factors that could be reducing the reliability of jacks as a predictor.

To produce the 2010 and 2011 Yakima River forecasts, I evaluated output from at least seven different methods all of which used jack abundance in some combination with traditional cohort relationships, NOAA ocean condition rank, or jack size. These methods produced forecasts for 2011 age-4 and age-5 adult returns ranging from 8,900 to 16,900 spring Chinook. Given the increasing unreliability of jack-based predictor methods, I also evaluated a method which used Chandler smolt estimates, juvenile survival estimates for natural- and hatchery-origin fish from Roza to McNary Dams, and NOAA ocean rank as input variables to forecast combined age-4 and age-5 adult returns. These data are only available dating back to the 1997 brood year (1999 migration year). The hatchery-origin method was revised slightly to include Chandler smolt estimates, juvenile survival estimates for hatchery-origin fish from Roza to McNary Dams, jacks and jack size as input variables. This method produces a forecast of 6,200 wild/natural and 4,120 hatchery-origin adult (age-4 and age-5) spring chinook returns to the Yakima Basin in 2011:

Stock	Age-4	Age-5	Total Adults
Upper Yakima Natural	4,630	80	4,710
Upper Yakima CESRF	4,010	110	4,120
Naches/American Wild	1,080	410	1,490
Total Run	9,720	600	10,320
Total Wild/Natural	5,710	490	6,200
Total CESRF	4,010	110	4,120

The total 2011 forecasted return of 10,320 adult spring Chinook is 107% of the recent 10-year (2001-2010) average adult return of 9,670 spring Chinook.

² see <http://www.nwfsc.noaa.gov/research/divisions/fed/oeip/g-forecast.cfm>
2011 Yakima River Spring Chinook Forecast, November 16, 2010

Review of 2010 Yakima River spring Chinook return

The estimated spring Chinook return to the Yakima River mouth in 2010 was 11,030 (6,740 CESRF) adults and 2,120 (1,490 CESRF) jacks for a total return of 13,140 spring Chinook (Table 1). The final Prosser Dam counts were estimated to be: 10,930 adults (6,600 CESRF), and 2,060 jacks (1,490 CESRF) for a total count of 12,990 spring Chinook (Table 2). The final Roza Dam counts were: 8,260 adults (5,510 CESRF), and 1,640 jacks (1,210 CESRF) for a total count of 9,900 spring Chinook (Table 3). Age information from all available sampling data is used to reconstruct the river mouth run components, and to produce brood cohort tables for the forecast. Since age data from scale samples do not always agree with jack counts based on video or physical observations, adjustments are typically made during run reconstruction resulting in slight discrepancies between adult and jack river mouth run size estimates compared to Prosser Dam and harvest below Prosser Dam estimates, and between Prosser and Roza Dam estimates. The reader may also notice some discrepancies in CESRF and wild/natural count estimates throughout this report due to inherent inaccuracies involved with video-based mark sampling.

Harvest was estimated at 1,400 adults and 340 jacks. Harvest consisted of approximately 190 wild/natural adults, 50 wild/natural jacks, 1,210 CESRF adults, and 290 CESRF jacks with about 100 adults and 5 jacks harvested in tribal fisheries below Prosser Dam (Table 4). The mark-selective, non-Indian recreational fishery in the Yakima River in 2010 harvested about 1,200 spring Chinook.

Estimated escapements were: 8,370 spring Chinook (1,410 jacks; approximately 66% of the total escapement was estimated to be returns from the CESRF) into the upper Yakima River subbasin (Tables 1 and 5), and 1,500 spring Chinook into the Naches River and its associated subbasins (Table 1). A total of about 2,670 redds were counted in the upper Yakima River subbasin and 540 redds were counted in the Naches River and its associated subbasins (Table 6).

Forecast for 2011 Yakima River spring Chinook return

Age-4:age-3 and age-5:age-4 cohort ratios and regression relationships for wild/natural fish in the upper Yakima and Naches subbasins independently and for the aggregate Yakima River return were reviewed for all brood years dating back to 1982 (Tables 7-9). Similar relationships were analyzed for the 1997-2006 brood CESRF returns (Table 10). Since most Yakima River spring Chinook return at age-4, the survival of age-3 fish (jacks) in the previous year are the primary driver in these forecasting techniques. As noted above, the method used to compute Yakima River spring Chinook forecasts beginning in 2010 was changed from methods used in prior years. Chandler smolt estimates, juvenile survival estimates for natural- and hatchery-origin fish from Roza to McNary Dams, and NOAA ocean rank (for natural-origin fish) or jack counts and jack size (for hatchery-origin fish) were used as input variables to separate multiple linear regression functions (Tables 11 and 12). Age and stock specific regressions were then used to apportion these aggregate natural- and hatchery-origin forecasts into their component parts. Given these methods, **the forecasts for 2011 spring Chinook returns to the Yakima River mouth are: 9,720 age-4 and 600 age-5 fish for a total projected return of 10,320 adult**

spring Chinook. The forecast includes projected returns of 6,200 wild/natural adult (60%) and 4,120 CESRF adult (40%) spring Chinook.

On average since 1997, the data indicate that forecasting has been accurate to within about +/- 43% of the actual return (Table 13). Note also that a variety of factors can affect the Yakima River mouth return rate of CESRF fish relative to their natural counterparts. These factors include: year-to-year variances in release numbers (Table 14), mark-selective fisheries in the lower Columbia River which target adipose-fin-clipped fish (all CESRF fish are adipose-clipped), and variances in freshwater and ocean survival.

Acknowledgements

This report would not be possible without all of the hard work of Yakama Nation technicians, biologists, and fish culturists and the cooperation of Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife technicians and biologists associated with the Yakima-Klickitat Fisheries Project. These are the people who count fish from video tapes, read scales, take biological samples, conduct spawning ground surveys and complete the many other tasks associated with collecting, recording, and reporting all of the data that go into this report. I would like to acknowledge and thank these people for their efforts.

Table 1. Yakima River Spring Chinook Run (CESRF and wild/natural, Adults and Jacks combined) Reconstruction, 1985-Present.

Year	River Mouth Run Size ¹			Harvest Below Prosser		Harvest Above Prosser		Spawners Below Roza ²		Roza Count	Roza Removals ³	Est. Escapement		Redd Counts	
	Adults	Jacks	Total	Prosser Count	Prosser	Above Roza ²	Roza	Count	Upper Y.R. ⁴	Naches ⁵	Upper Y.R.	Naches	Upper Y.R.	Naches	
1985	4,109	451	4,560	321	4,239	544	247	2,428	97	2,331	1,020	860	427		
1986	8,841	598	9,439	530	8,909	810	709	3,267	16	3,251	4,123	1,472	1,313		
1987	4,187	256	4,443	359	4,084	158	269	1,928	194	1,734	1,729	903	677		
1988	3,919	327	4,246	333	3,913	111	60	1,575	235	1,340	2,167	424	490		
1989	4,640	274	4,914	560	4,354	187	135	2,515	184	2,331	1,517	915	541		
1990	4,280	92	4,372	131	2,255	532	282	2,047	31	2,016	1,380	678	464		
1991	2,802	104	2,906	27	2,879	5	131		40	1,583	1,121	582	460		
1992	4,492	107	4,599	184	4,415	161	39	3,027	18	3,009	1,188	1,230	425		
1993	3,800	119	3,919	44	3,875	85	56	1,869	0	1,869	1,865	637	554		
1994	1,282	20	1,302	0	1,302	25	10	563	0	563	704	285	272		
1995	526	140	666	0	666	79	9	355	0	355	223	114	104		
1996	3,060	119	3,179	100	3,079	375	26	1,631	0	1,631	1,047	801	184		
1997	3,092	81	3,173	0	3,173	575	20	1,445	261	1,184	1,133	413	339		
1998	1,771	132	1,903	0	1,903	188	3	795	408	387	917	147	330		
1999	1,513	1,268	2,781	8	2,773	596	55	1,704	738	966	418	212	186		
2000	17,519	1,582	19,101	90	19,011	2,368	204	12,327	667	11,660	4,112	3,770	888		
2001	21,225	2,040	23,265	1,793	21,472	2,838	286	12,516	718	11,798	5,832	3,260	1,192		
2002	14,616	483	15,099	328	14,771	2,780	29	8,922	878	8,044	3,041	2,816	943		
2003	4,868	2,089	6,957	59	6,898	381	83	3,842	584	3,258	2,592	868	935		
2004	13,974	1,315	15,289	135	15,154	1,544	90	11,005	718	10,287	2,515	3,414	719		
2005	8,059	699	8,758	34	8,724	440	28	6,352	667	5,685	1,904	2,009	576		
2006	5,951	363	6,314	0	6,314	600	14	4,028	664	3,364	1,672	1,245	444		
2007	2,968	1,335	4,303	10	4,293	269	13	3,025	716	2,309	986	722	314		
2008	6,615	1,983	8,598	539	8,059	993	9	5,478	1,144	4,334	1,578	1,372	495		
2009	7,441	4,679	12,120	1,517	10,603	836	18	8,633	1,595	7,038	1,116	1,527	478		
2010	11,025	2,116	13,142	156	12,986	1,585	9	9,900	1,526	8,374	1,491	2,666	541		

1. River Mouth run size is the greater of the Prosser count plus lower river harvest or estimated escapement plus all known harvest and removals.

2. Estimated as the average number of fish per redd in the upper Yakima times the number of redds between the Naches confluence and Roza Dam.

3. Roza removals include harvest above Roza, hatchery removals, and/or natural broodstock removals.

4. Estimated escapement into the upper Yakima River is the Roza count less harvest or broodstock removals above Roza Dam except in 1991 when Upper Yakima River escapement is estimated as the (Prosser count - harvest above Prosser - Roza subtractions) times the proportion of redds counted in the upper Yakima.

5. Naches River escapement is estimated as the Prosser count less harvest above Prosser and the Roza counts, except in 1983 and 1990 when it is estimated as the upper Yakima fish/redd times the Naches redd count.

Table 2. Estimated Spring Chinook counts at Prosser Dam, 1982-Present.

Year	<u>Adults</u>			<u>Jacks</u>			Total Passage			Actual CESRF Percent	Forecast CESRF Percent
	CESRF	Wild/Nat. ²	Total	CESRF	Wild/Nat. ²	Total	Total	Wild/Nat. ²	CESRF		
1982			1,453			46	1,499				
1983			748			119	867				
1984			2,321			218	2,539				
1985			3,815			424	4,239				
1986			8,557			352	8,909				
1987			3,758			326	4,084				
1988			3,590			323	3,913				
1989			4,112			242	4,354				
1990			2,202			53	2,255				
1991			2,750			129	2,879				
1992			4,282			133	4,415				
1993			3,795			80	3,875				
1994			1,283			19	1,302				
1995			528			138	666				
1996			2,946			133	3,079				
1997			3,126			47	3,173				
1998			1,771			132	1,903				
1999			1,795			978	2,773				
2000	41 ¹	17,381	17,422	741	848	1,589	19,011	18,229			
2001	7,803	11,960	19,763	1,087	622	1,709	21,472	12,582	8,890	41.4%	38.3%
2002	7,393	6,661	14,054	369	348	717	14,771	7,009	7,762	52.5%	56.6%
2003	1,257	3,742	4,999	989	910	1,899	6,898	4,652	2,246	32.6%	20.6%
2004	4,195	10,218	14,413	170	571	741	15,154	10,789	4,365	28.8%	41.2%
2005	737	7,160	7,897	540	287	827	8,724	7,447	1,277	14.6%	17.7%
2006	2,448	3,563	6,012	151	151	302	6,314	3,714	2,599	41.2%	31.3%
2007	823	2,044	2,867	866	560	1,426	4,293	2,604	1,689	39.3%	15.9%
2008	3,264	3,127	6,391	1,169	499	1,668	8,059	3,626	4,433	55.0%	48.3%
2009	3,039	3,590	6,629	3,183	791	3,974	10,603	4,381	6,222	58.7%	55.7%
2010	6,601	4,327	10,928	1,491	567	2,058	12,986	4,894	8,092	62.3%	71.9%

1. There were no CESRF adults returning in 2000. These are marked fish, presumably out-of-basin strays.

2. All fish prior to 2000 are assumed to be wild.

Table 3. Estimated Spring Chinook counts at Roza Dam, 1982-Present.
(total counts including fish collected and removed for broodstock)

Year	CESRF	<u>Adults</u>		<u>Jacks</u>		Total	Total Passage
		Wild/Nat. ¹	Total	CESRF	Wild/Nat. ¹	Total	
1982			1,057			89	1,146
1983			860			147	1,007
1984			1,371			248	1,619
1985			2,189			239	2,428
1986			2,979			288	3,267
1987			1,854			74	1,928
1988			1,467			108	1,575
1989			2,375			141	2,515
1990			2,007			40	2,047
1991			No counts available				
1992			2,965			62	3,027
1993			1,795			74	1,869
1994			554			9	563
1995			280			75	355
1996			1,576			55	1,631
1997			1,396			49	1,445
1998			740			55	795
1999			879			825	1,704
2000		11,109	11,109	688	530	1,218	12,327
2001	6,180	5,010	11,190	990	336	1,326	12,516
2002	6,298	2,405	8,703	86	133	219	8,922
2003	1,151	784	1,935	1,133	774	1,907	3,842
2004	2,985	7,093	10,078	216	711	927	11,005
2005	726	4,876	5,602	540	210	750	6,352
2006	1,851	1,906	3,757	127	144	271	4,028
2007	899	1,101	2,000	833	192	1,025	3,025
2008	2,678	1,419	4,097	1,123	258	1,381	5,478
2009	2,860	2,294	5,154	2,743	736	3,479	8,633
2010	5,509	2,752	8,261	1,206	433	1,639	9,900

1. All fish prior to 2000 are assumed to be wild.

Table 4. Spring Chinook Harvest (adults and jacks combined) in the Yakima River Basin, 1982-Present.

Year	Tribal		Non-Tribal		River Totals			Harvest Rate ¹
	CESRF	Wild/Nat.	CESRF	Wild/Nat.	CESRF	Wild/Nat.	Total	
1982	0	434	0	0	0	434	434	23.8%
1983	0	84	0	0	0	84	84	5.8%
1984	0	289	0	0	0	289	289	10.9%
1985	0	865	0	0	0	865	865	19.0%
1986	0	1,340	0	0	0	1,340	1,340	14.2%
1987	0	517	0	0	0	517	517	11.6%
1988	0	444	0	0	0	444	444	10.5%
1989	0	747	0	0	0	747	747	15.2%
1990	0	663	0	0	0	663	663	15.2%
1991	0	32	0	0	0	32	32	1.1%
1992	0	345	0	0	0	345	345	7.5%
1993	0	129	0	0	0	129	129	3.3%
1994	0	25	0	0	0	25	25	1.9%
1995	0	79	0	0	0	79	79	11.9%
1996	0	475	0	0	0	475	475	14.9%
1997	0	575	0	0	0	575	575	18.1%
1998	0	188	0	0	0	188	188	9.9%
1999	0	604	0	0	0	604	604	21.7%
2000	53	2,305	0	100	53	2,405	2,458	12.9%
2001	572	2,034	1,252	772	1,825	2,806	4,630	19.9%
2002	1,373	1,207	492	36 ²	1,865	1,243	3,108	20.6%
2003	134	306	0	0	134	306	440	6.3%
2004	289	712	569	109 ²	858	820	1,679	11.0%
2005	46	428	0	0	46	428	474	5.4%
2006	246	354	0	0	246	354	600	9.5%
2007	123	156	0	0	123	156	279	6.5%
2008	521	414	586	11 ²	1,107	425	1,532	17.8%
2009	1,089	715	541	8 ²	1,630	723	2,353	19.4%
2010	345	194	1,154	48 ²	1,499	241	1,741	13.2%

1. Harvest rate is the river total harvest as a percentage of the river mouth run size given in Table 1.
2. Estimate of post-release mortality of unmarked fish.

Table 5. Escapement (Roza Dam counts less brood stock collection and harvest above Roza) of natural- (NoR) and hatchery-origin (HoR) spring Chinook to the upper Yakima subbasin, 1982 – present.

Year	Wild/Natural (NoR)			CESRF (HoR)			Total			PHOS ¹	PNI ¹
	Adults	Jacks	Total	Adults	Jacks	Total	Adults	Jacks	Total		
1982			1,146								
1983			1,007								
1984			1,535								
1985			2,331								
1986			3,251								
1987			1,734								
1988			1,340								
1989			2,331								
1990			2,016								
1991			1,583 ²								
1992			3,009								
1993			1,869								
1994			563								
1995			355								
1996			1,631								
1997	1,141	43	1,184								
1998	369	18	387								
1999	498	468	966								
2000	10,491	481	10,972	688	688	10,491	1,169	11,660	5.9%		
2001	4,454	297	4,751	6,065	982	7,047	10,519	1,279	11,798	59.7%	62.6%
2002	1,820	89	1,909	6,064	71	6,135	7,884	160	8,044	76.3%	56.7%
2003	394	723	1,117	1,036	1,105	2,141	1,430	1,828	3,258	65.7%	60.3%
2004	6,536	671	7,207	2,876	204	3,080	9,412	875	10,287	29.9%	77.0%
2005	4,401	175	4,576	627	482	1,109	5,028	657	5,685	19.5%	83.7%
2006	1,510	121	1,631	1,622	111	1,733	3,132	232	3,364	51.5%	66.0%
2007	683	161	844	734	731	1,465	1,417	892	2,309	63.4%	61.2%
2008	988	232	1,220	2,157	957	3,114	3,145	1,189	4,334	71.9%	58.2%
2009	1,843	701	2,544	2,234	2,260	4,494	4,077	2,961	7,038	63.9%	61.0%
2010	2,436	413	2,849	4,524	1,001	5,525	6,960	1,414	8,374	66.0%	60.2%
Mean ³	2,683	328	3,011	2,794	790	3,584	5,300	1,149	6,449	56.8%	64.7%

1. Proportion Natural Influence equals Proportion Natural-Origin Broodstock (PNOB; 1.0 as only NoR fish are used for supplementation line brood stock) divided by PNOB plus Proportion Hatchery-Origin Spawners (PHOS).
2. This is a rough estimate since Roza counts are not available for 1991.
3. For NoR columns, mean of 1997-present values. For all other columns, mean of 2001-present values.

Table 6. Yakima Basin spring Chinook redd count summary, 1982 – present.

Year	Upper Yakima River System ¹				Naches River System				
	Mainstem ²	Cle			American	Naches ²	Bumping	Little Naches	Total
		Elum	Teanaway	Total					
1982	610	30	0	640	11	25	6	12	54
1983	387	15	0	402	36	27	11	9	83
1984	677	31	0	708	72	81	26	41	220
1985	795	153	3	951	141	168	74	44	427
1986	1,716	77	0	1,793	464	543	196	110	1,313
1987	968	75	0	1,043	222	281	133	41	677
1988	369	74	0	443	187	145	111	47	490
1989	770	192	6	968	187	200	101	53	541
1990	727	46	0	773	143	159	111	51	464
1991	568	62	0	630	170	161	84	45	460
1992	1,082	164	0	1,246	120	155	99	51	425
1993	550	105	1	656	214	189	88	63	554
1994	226	64	0	290	89	93	70	20	272
1995	105	12	0	117	46	25	27	6	104
1996	711	100	3	814	28	102	29	25	184
1997	364	56	0	420	111	108	72	48	339
1998	123	24	1	148	149	104	54	23	330
1999	199	24	1	224	27	95	39	25	186
2000	3,349	466	21	3,836	54	483	278	73	888
2001	2,932	386	21	3,339	392	436	257	107	1,192
2002	2,441	275	110	2,826	366	226	262	89	943
2003	772	87	31	890	430	228	216	61	935
2004	2,985	330	129	3,444	91	348	205	75	719
2005	1,717	287	15	2,019	142	203	163	68	576
2006	1,092	100	58	1,250	133	163	115	33	444
2007	665	51	10	726	166	60	60	28	314
2008	1,191	137	47	1,375	158	165	102	70	495
2009	1,301	197	33	1,531	91	159	163	65	478
2010	2,197	219	253	2,669	167	167	168	39	541
Mean	1,061	130	25	1,216	156	179	111	48	494

¹ Yakima River redd counts include redds between the Naches River confluence and Roza Dam. In some years, water conditions preclude accurate counts in this reach and the number of redds is estimated using historical proportions for this reach.

² Including minor tributaries.

Table 7. Brood Table for Upper Yakima wild/natural stock.

Brood Year	Estimated Spawners	Estimated Yakima R. Mouth Returns				Returns/Spawner
		Age-3	Age-4	Age-5	Total	
1982	1,280	324	4,016	411	4,751	3.71
1983	1,125	408	1,882	204	2,494	2.22
1984	1,715	92	1,348	139	1,578	0.92
1985	2,578	114	2,746	105	2,965	1.15
1986	3,960	171	2,574	149	2,893	0.73
1987	2,003	53	1,571	109	1,733	0.87
1988	1,400	53	3,138	132	3,323	2.37
1989	2,466	68	1,779	9	1,856	0.75
1990	2,298	79	566	0	645	0.28
1991	1,713	9	326	22	358	0.21
1992	3,048	87	1,861	95	2,043	0.67
1993	1,925	66	1,606	57	1,729	0.90
1994	573	60	737	92	890	1.55
1995	364	59	1,036	129	1,224	3.36
1996	1,657	1,059	12,882	630	14,571	8.79
1997	1,204	621	5,837	155	6,613	5.49
1998	390	434	2,803	145	3,381	8.68
1999	1,021 ¹	164	722	45	930	0.91
2000	11,864	856	7,689	127	8,672	0.73
2001	12,084	775	5,074	222	6,071	0.50
2002	8,073	224	1,875	148	2,247	0.28
2003	3,341 ¹	158	1,036	63	1,257	0.38
2004	10,377	207	1,547	75	1,828	0.18
2005	5,713	293	2,631	0 ²	2,923	0.51
2006	3,378	868	2,900 ²		3,768 ²	1.12 ²
2007	2,322	456 ²				
2008	4,343					
2009	7,056 ¹					
2010	8,383 ²					

1. Approximately 45-50% of these fish were jacks.

2. Preliminary.

Table 8. Brood Table for Naches/American wild stock.

Brood Year	Estimated Spawners	Estimated Yakima R. Mouth Returns				Returns/Spawner
		Age-3	Age-4	Age-5	Age-6	Total
1982	108	127	1,274	601	0	2,002
1983	232	190	1,257	1,257	8	2,713
1984	570	164	1,109	1,080	0	2,354
1985	1,020	213	667	931	0	1,811
1986	4,123	103	670	852	31	1,657
1987	1,729	39	231	400	0	669
1988	2,167	51	815	1,557	11	2,434
1989	1,517	39	332	371	0	741
1990	1,380	40	326	168	0	533
1991	1,121	10	32	144	127	314
1992	1,188	52	1,034	661	0	1,747
1993	1,865	53	603	817	17	1,489
1994	704	21	160	167	0	348
1995	223	73	201	498	0	771
1996	1,047	209	4,010	2,360	0	6,580
1997	1,133	220	4,645	1,377	0	6,242
1998	917	364	2,167	2,316	12	4,859
1999	418 ¹	185	369	279	0	833
2000	4,112	131	2,286	346	0	2,762
2001	5,832	144	1,598	785	0	2,526
2002	3,041	78	975	443	0	1,496
2003	2,592	75	387	1,028	0	1,489
2004	2,515	227	514	232	0 ²	973
2005	1,904	246	844	299 ²		1,389 ²
2006	1,672	237	1,089 ²			1,326 ²
2007	986	182 ²				0.79 ²
2008	1,578					
2009	1,116					
2010	1,491 ²					

1. Approximately 48% of these fish were jacks.

2. Preliminary.

Table 9. Brood Table for Yakima River aggregate (wild/natural).

Brood Year	Estimated Spawners	Estimated Yakima R. Mouth Returns					Returns/Spawner
		Age-3	Age-4	Age-5	Age-6	Total	
1982	1,388	451	5,290	1,012	0	6,753	4.86
1983	1,357	598	3,138	1,461	8	5,206	3.84
1984	2,285	256	2,457	1,219	0	3,932	1.72
1985	3,598	327	3,412	1,037	0	4,776	1.33
1986	8,083	274	3,244	1,000	31	4,550	0.56
1987	3,732	92	1,802	508	0	2,402	0.64
1988	3,567	104	3,953	1,689	11	5,757	1.61
1989	3,983	107	2,111	379	0	2,597	0.65
1990	3,678	119	892	168	0	1,178	0.32
1991	2,834	20	358	166	127	672	0.24
1992	4,236	140	2,894	756	0	3,790	0.89
1993	3,790	119	2,209	874	17	3,218	0.85
1994	1,277	81	897	260	0	1,238	0.97
1995	587	132	1,236	627	0	1,995	3.40
1996	2,704	1,268	16,892	2,990	0	21,151	7.82
1997	2,337	841	10,482	1,532	0	12,855	5.50
1998	1,307	798	4,970	2,460	12	8,240	6.30
1999	1,439 ¹	349	1,091	324	0	1,764	1.23
2000	15,976	987	9,975	472	0	11,434	0.72
2001	17,916	919	6,671	1,007	0	8,597	0.48
2002	11,113	302	2,849	592	0	3,743	0.34
2003	5,933 ²	233	1,423	1,091	0	2,746	0.46
2004	12,893	434	2,061	307	0 ³	2,802	0.22
2005	7,617	539	3,475	299 ³		4,313 ³	0.57 ³
2006	5,050	1,105	3,990 ³			5,095 ³	1.01 ³
2007	3,308 ²	638 ³					
2008	5,922						
2009	8,172						
2010	9,875 ³						

1. Approximately 48% of these fish were jacks.

2. Approximately 36% of these fish were jacks.

3. Preliminary.

Table 10. Brood Table for Cle Elum SRF Spring Chinook.

Brood Year	Estimated Spawners ¹	Estimated Yakima R. Mouth Returns			Returns/Spawner
		Age-3	Age-4	Age-5	Total
1997	261	741	7,753	176	8,670 33.22
1998	408	1,242	7,939	602	9,782 23.98
1999	738 ²	134	714	16	864 1.17
2000	567	1,103	3,647	70	4,819 8.50
2001	595	396	845	9	1,251 2.10
2002	629	345	1,886	69	2,300 3.66
2003	441	121	800	12	932 2.11
2004	597	805	3,101	116	4,022 6.74
2005	510	1,305	3,052	21 ³	4,378 8.58
2006	419	3,038	5,821 ³		8,859 ³ 21.14 ³
2007	449	1,279 ³			
2008	457				
2009	486				
2010	336				

1. These are the total number of natural fish collected at Roza Dam and taken to the CESRF for production brood stock.
2. 357 or 48% of these fish were jacks.
3. Preliminary.

Table 11. Juvenile Survival Based Regression – Aggregate Wild/Natural Return.

JuvMigrYear	AdltRtnYr	Age4/5Adlts	SmoltsOut	Roza-McNSurv	NOAAOcn	Predicted Age4/5Adlts
1999	2001	13,472	277,087	0.6380	3.9	13,573
2000	2002	6,501	77,009	0.4172	3.5	5,979
2001	2003	3,552	105,422	0.2528	5.2	3,157
2002	2004	10,299	481,414	0.2622	4.3	10,728
2003	2005	7,144	261,707	0.2824	9.1	5,587
2004	2006	3,856	137,343	0.3470	9.2	4,332
2005	2007	2,014	157,057	0.2569	10.8	2,680
2006	2008	3,152	92,175	0.3175	7.7	3,362
2007	2009	3,782	130,263	0.2857	5.4	4,155
2008	2010	4,289	76,859	0.3230	2.8	4,508
2009	2011		107,263	0.4310	5.7	6,197

SUMMARY OUTPUT

<i>Regression Statistics</i>						
Multiple R	0.983122					
R Square	0.966529					
Adjusted R Square	0.949793					
Standard Error	811.0933					
Observations	10					
<i>ANOVA</i>						
	<i>df</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Significance F</i>	
Regression	3	1.14E+08	37994212	57.753168	8.099E-05	
Residual	6	3947234	657872.34			
Total	9	1.18E+08				
	<i>Standard</i>					
	<i>Coefficients</i>	<i>Error</i>	<i>t Stat</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>Lower 95%</i>	<i>Upper 95%</i>
Intercept	-1884.73	1329.6	-1.417514	0.20611011	-5138.14042	1368.6873
X Variable 1	0.01904	0.002125	8.9582673	0.00010807	0.01383928	0.0242406
X Variable 2	17632.05	2510.097	7.0244512	0.00041554	11490.0677	23774.04
X Variable 3	-273.661	104.8185	-2.6108053	0.04007712	-530.142259	-17.179063

Table 12. Juvenile Survival Based Regression – Hatchery-Origin Return.

JuvMigrYear	AdltRtnYr	Age4/5Adlts	SmolsOut	Roza-McNSurv	Age-3 Returns	Age-3 Size@Rtn	Predicted Age4/5Adlts
1999	2001	7,753	97,844	0.4837	741	38.6	8,177
2000	2002	8,115	225,107	0.2474	1242	40.3	6,323
2001	2003	1,316	450,570	0.2744	134	41.6	2,294
2002	2004	3,663	325,743	0.2100	1103	42.2	3,514
2003	2005	915	112,077	0.2239	396	42.3	971
2004	2006	2,094	300,087	0.1504	397	41.8	1,652
2005	2007	953	230,665	0.2741	130	41.2	2,214
2006	2008	3,463	159,352	0.1628	901	41.6	2,993
2007	2009	3,660	325,348	0.5387	1444	45.1	2,776
2008	2010	6,737	164,537	0.2573	3574	44.2	7,753
2009	2011		176,489	0.3517	1478	42.9	4,119

SUMMARY OUTPUT

<i>Regression Statistics</i>						
Multiple R	0.938276					
R Square	0.880361					
Adjusted R Square	0.78465					
Standard Error	1280.08					
Observations	10					
<i>ANOVA</i>						
	<i>df</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Significance F</i>	
Regression	4	60288200	15072050	9.198101	0.015847	
Residual	5	8193022	1638604			
Total	9	68481222				
<i>Coefficients</i>						
		<i>Standard Error</i>	<i>t Stat</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>Lower 95%</i>	<i>Upper 95%</i>
Intercept	52005.82	12306.6	4.225847	0.008281	20370.69	83640.95
X Variable 1	0.002632	0.004541	0.579463	0.587403	-0.00904	0.014305
X Variable 2	5984.318	3339.9	1.791766	0.133162	-2601.17	14569.81
X Variable 3	2.783493	0.557293	4.994668	0.004124	1.350926	4.21606
X Variable 4	-1271.46	313.4137	-4.05681	0.00976	-2077.11	-465.803

Table 13. Forecasted versus Actual Return of Age-4 and Age-5 Fish.

Year	Forecast	Actual	Difference	AbsDiff
1997	3,300	3,090	6.8%	6.8%
1998	1,400	1,770	-20.9%	20.9%
1999	1,200	1,510	-20.5%	20.5%
2000	5,200	17,520	-70.3%	70.3%
2001	26,100	21,220	23.0%	23.0%
2002	21,780	14,620	49.0%	49.0%
2003	6,370	4,870	30.8%	30.8%
2004	19,160	13,970	37.2%	37.2%
2005	14,500	8,060	79.9%	79.9%
2006	6,670	5,950	12.1%	12.1%
2007	4,160	2,970	40.1%	40.1%
2008	10,060	6,610	52.2%	52.2%
2009	15,910	7,470	113.0%	113.0%
2010	16,570	11,030	50.2%	50.2%
2011	10,320			
Average Error in forecast: 43.3%				

Table 14. CESRF Smolt Releases by Brood Year¹

Brood Year	Migration Year	Total Release	Return Year for:		
			Age-3 (jack)	Age-4	Age-5
1997	1999	386,048	2000	2001	2002
1998	2000	589,683	2001	2002	2003
1999	2001	758,789	2002	2003	2004
2000	2002	834,285	2003	2004	2005
2001 ²	2003	370,236	2004	2005	2006
2002	2004	836,904	2005	2006	2007
2003	2005	824,692	2006	2007	2008
2004	2006	785,448	2007	2008	2009
2005	2007	860,002	2008	2009	2010
2006	2008	642,795	2009	2010	2011
2007	2009	771,265	2010	2011	2012
2008	2010	849,305	2011	2012	2013

1. Release target is 720,000 to 810,000 smolts, but was intentionally reduced in start-up years of 1997 and 1998.
2. Approximately ½ of production destroyed due to high presence of agents causing Bacterial Kidney Disease (BKD).